



Anti-Bullying Policy

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Approved By: Education and Standards Boards



Introduction

Schools within the Blidworth and Rainworth Partnership aim to provide a supportive, caring, and friendly environment which allows all our pupils to learn in an atmosphere which is focussed on improving their life chances and helping them to maximise their potential. We expect our pupils to act safely, and feel safe, in and outside of school – we do not tolerate any form of bullying and we are committed to preventing and tackling it. We recognise that as children learn and grow together, they may experience fallouts with their peers, but we are committed to supporting our pupils to resolve these ‘relational conflicts’ and stop them from progressing to bullying behaviours. If an incident of bullying does occur, we believe our pupils, parents/carers and staff should feel confident in reporting it and know that that all incidents will be dealt with promptly and effectively. Bullying will never be tolerated at our school.

We encourage open discussions around differences between people, we actively challenge prejudice, and we celebrate diversity. We adopt a contextual safeguarding, trauma-informed and strengths-based approach to bullying and child-on-child abuse, and we are committed to working with families and outside agencies where appropriate.

Policy Development

This policy has been developed to reflect the most recent Keeping Children Safe in Education (KCSiE) Statutory Guidance (1st September 2024)

This policy was formulated in consultation with the whole school community:

- Members of staff – through agenda items at Staff Meetings, Briefings and Team Meetings,
- Governors – through discussions at governor meetings,
- Parents/Carers – through questionnaires and written consultations,
- Children – through School Council meetings and Values Days.

This policy is available:

- On the schools’ websites
- As a paper copy from the school offices

This policy is reviewed and evaluated throughout the academic year. It is updated annually.

Roles and Responsibilities

All staff at our schools are aware that children may bully other children, and that this can happen both inside and outside of school, and online. All staff understand the school’s Anti-Bullying strategy and approach and know the important role that they each have in preventing and tackling bullying.

The Executive Head Teacher, Shaun Walker, has overall responsibility for Anti-Bullying at our schools. They are responsible for appointing an Anti-Bullying Coordinator and liaising with the Governing body, parents/carers, the Local Authority, the Trust and outside agencies when appropriate.

The Anti-Bullying Coordinators in our schools are: Sally Morgan at Heathlands, Emma Watson at Lake View and Jodi Ince at Blidworth Oaks. They are responsible for:

- Policy development and review (ensuring that pupils, staff, governors, and parents/carers have opportunities to contribute)
- Implementing the policy and monitoring/assessing its effectiveness
- Managing the reporting and recording of bullying incidents
- Coordinating Anti-Bullying training and support for staff and parents/carers where appropriate
- Monitoring the effectiveness of strategies for preventing bullying behaviour

All staff, parents/carers and pupils are aware of who to report to and how to report any safeguarding concerns and know who the Designated Safeguarding Leads are in their school:

Designated Safeguarding Leads are Sally Morgan at Heathlands, Jodi Ince at Blidworth and Emma Watson at Lake View at Heathlands.

What is bullying and how does it differ to relational conflict?

In our schools, we have adopted the definition of bullying provided by the Anti-Bullying Alliance:

“Bullying is the repetitive, intentional hurting of one person or group by another person or group, where the relationship involves an imbalance of power. Bullying can be physical, verbal, or psychological. It can happen face to face or online.”

We recognise that bullying can take many forms and can affect any child. It is often motivated by prejudice against particular groups (for example on grounds of race, religion, gender, sexual orientation, special educational needs, or disabilities, or because a child is adopted, in care or has caring responsibilities). Bullying can be motivated by actual differences between children, or perceived differences.

However, we also recognise that incidents may occur between pupils, which may not be deemed as ‘bullying’ but still require support or intervention from trusted adults. These incidents may be referred to as ‘relational conflicts’ or falling out. Relational conflict differs to bullying in the fact that it is usually between individuals or groups who are relatively similar in power and status (a power balance), and the behaviours or incidents occur occasionally (not repetitive) or occur by accident (not intentional). Usually, following a relational conflict incident, pupils show remorse and there is a general willingness to make things right or to resolve the conflict.

Not all relational conflict or falling out leads to bullying, but our schools are aware occasionally some can, and we are mindful that unresolved bad feelings or relationship problems left unaddressed can be the start of a pattern of behaviour in which the intention becomes to cause harm or distress.

Although bullying and relational conflicts can take place between individuals, we recognise that it often takes place in front of others (either physically or virtually), pupils who witness these incidents/behaviours are often referred to as ‘bystanders’.

Regardless of whether an incident or situation is deemed as ‘relational conflict’ or ‘bullying’, our schools will address the situation and support the pupils to resolve any negative feelings. Our schools will monitor children following a relational conflict to ensure that the situation has been resolved and does not escalate to bullying. Our schools will challenge, address, and monitor any

incidents of bullying, to ensure that it does not continue and that all pupils feel supported (this will include the target, the alleged perpetrator, any bystanders, and the wider school community).

What does bullying behaviour look like?

In our schools, we consider the context within which incidents and/or behaviours of concern occur. We will consider the motivations behind the behaviours and will take into account the age and stage of development of the pupils involved. Our focus will always be the safety and welfare of all children involved.

Bullying behaviour may include, but is not limited to:

- **Physical** – pushing, poking, kicking, hitting, biting, pinching etc.
- **Verbal** – name calling, sarcasm, spreading rumours, threats, teasing, belittling
- **Emotional** – isolating others, tormenting, ‘baiting’, hiding belongings, threatening gestures, ridicule, humiliation, intimidating, excluding, manipulation, and coercion
- **Sexual** – unwanted physical contact, inappropriate touching, abusive comments, homophobic abuse, exposure to inappropriate films etc.
- **Online / Cyber** – posting on social media, sharing photos, sending nasty text messages, social exclusion etc.
- **Indirect** – can include the exploitation of individuals such as ‘false friendships’, criminal exploitation, sexual exploitation, and radicalisation
- **Prejudice-related** – derogatory and discriminatory language and behaviour including that which is racist, homophobic, biphobic, transphobic and disablist in nature. This language and behaviour may be directed towards people because of their race/ethnicity/nationality; because they are lesbian, gay, bisexual, or trans, or are perceived to be, or have a parent/carer, sibling, or friend who is, because they have a learning or physical disability. Such language and behaviour are generally used to refer to something or someone as inferior.

There is no hierarchy of bullying, all forms of bullying are taken equally seriously and will be dealt with appropriately.

Our schools understand that banter is an increasingly relevant part of discussions relating to bullying; however, it is important to acknowledge that banter is not inherently bullying, and it can be an important part of social bonding and friendships. At the same time, we know that some bullying in society is passed off as ‘just banter’, and we know that banter can quickly escalate to inappropriate or harmful exchanges and bullying.

Our schools define ‘prosocial banter’ as ‘playful, typically funny, teasing between friends’. Prosocial banter can occur both online and offline and includes a range of behaviours that may be verbal, physical, or information/message sharing (online). Banter can include some of bullying behaviours set out in this policy document, so it is important to distinguish between shared positive social bonding and inappropriate banter and bullying.

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School staff will distinguish between banter and bullying by taking careful consideration of the *intention, content and topic* of the reported incident:

Intention behind the comment and/or behaviour

- Was the intention to cause harm? It is important to acknowledge that with banter the intent is typically to be funny or to have a laugh, whereas other aggressive behaviours tend to have less-positive intentions. However, sometimes banter can go wrong, and mistakes can be made if what is intended to be funny is not received in the way it was intended. Judging the intent of banter can be complex and prone to ambiguity. Some individuals may use banter to 'mask' or excuse ill-intentioned interactions. Others may not intend for banter to be problematic, but the banter may be misinterpreted.

Content of the comment and/or behaviour

- Does everyone understand and agree that comments or actions are banter? Was the banter wanted by the recipient? Banter is more likely to be perceived positively when it happens amongst people who are friends and share an understanding of communication and social boundaries. The social context is important to consider; for example, is it online/offline? Was the comment/behaviour in public (i.e., open for anyone to see) or private settings (i.e., a closed social network such as a WhatsApp group) with known others/strangers? It's important to also consider the size and composition of the audience, as sharing banter with larger audiences who include members outside of friendship groups can cross the line of acceptability.

Topic of the banter

- Was the topic of the banter appropriate or inappropriate? Is it a topic that the recipient has acknowledged that it is ok to banter about? Was there language, behaviours/actions or online content (e.g., pictures, emojis) used that could be considered objectively offensive such as racist, homophobic, sexist slurs?

Where does bullying take place?

We understand that bullying is not confined to the school premises. Bullying can take place outside of school, on the journey to and from school and in the local community. Bullying may also take place online (this is sometimes referred to as cyberbullying).

We will offer support and guidance to pupils, parents/carers and families who have experienced any type of bullying whether this has taken place inside school, outside of school or online. We are committed to working with outside agencies where appropriate to prevent and tackle all forms of bullying.

How to report bullying concerns

We want pupils, parents/carers, staff, and visitors to confidently report bullying and know that their concerns will be taken seriously. We remain committed to supporting and safeguarding all children involved including the target, the alleged perpetrator, any bystanders/witnesses to the bullying behaviour and the wider school community.

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We have clear reporting systems for each group of our school community, the effectiveness of these reporting systems is reviewed throughout the academic year and may be expanded to meet the needs of all members of our community.

Pupils, including bystanders/witnesses

We ask that all pupils report concerns of bullying or bullying behaviour to a member of school staff – this can be any member of teaching or non-teaching staff, including a class teacher, a TA, the Head of School, Executive Head, a lunchtime supervisor, or a member of the office team. We talk about trusted adults regularly in class and in assemblies to remind our pupils of who they can report concerns to.

The member of staff will listen to the pupil and make an initial note of their concerns, they will then discuss next steps with them and reassure them that they will be supported. The member of staff will inform the Anti-Bullying Co-ordinator and make a formal record of the bullying report on the school's recording system, My Concern, and other relevant members of staff will be alerted. The member of staff will immediately alert the school's Designated Safeguarding Lead if the report is deemed urgent or if a pupil is considered at risk.

We understand that some pupils may find it difficult to tell a member of staff about their concerns verbally, we therefore have additional reporting mechanisms in place. Our schools have boxes in each classroom where the pupil can put their name/a brief note about their concerns/draw a picture of their concern – these boxes are introduced to the pupils at the start of the year and pupils are reminded of them regularly.

Even if the behaviour/incident which has been reported is deemed 'not bullying' and is thought to be 'relational conflict', school staff will still support the pupils involved and help them to resolve any concerns.

Parents/carers

We understand that it can be very difficult for a parent/carer to be concerned or hear that their child has been the target of bullying, has experienced bullying behaviour or is an alleged perpetrator of bullying.

We ask that if parents/carers have concerns about their child experiencing or perpetrating bullying, that they contact a member of school staff. Initially we ask parents/carers to contact their child's class teacher (in person/via telephone call/via email/) to explain their concerns. The class teacher will take an initial note of the concerns but may ask to schedule a meeting to allow for more time to discuss the concerns in detail. Following the report and/or the meeting, the teacher will inform the Anti-Bullying Co-ordinator and then make a formal record of the bullying report on the school's recording system, My Concern, and other relevant members of staff will be alerted. The member of staff will directly alert the school's Designated Safeguarding Lead if the report is deemed urgent or if a pupil is considered at risk.

We ask that parents/carers come directly to the school with their concerns rather than discussing them with other members of the school community in person or online.

Our schools remain committed to supporting pupils and their families in all instances of bullying and relational conflict and will respond to reports promptly. Even if the behaviour/incident which has been reported is deemed 'not bullying' and is thought to be 'relational conflict', school staff will still support the pupils involved and help them to resolve any concerns.

We will endeavour to ensure that all parties are kept informed of progress and any developments, but we will also need to show due regard to GDPR. This may mean, at times, that we are not able to provide or share information or updates.

School Staff

Our staff work closely with our pupils and therefore may notice a change in a pupil's behaviour or attitude that might indicate that something is wrong before receiving a report from a pupil or a member of the school community. If staff have any concerns about a pupil's welfare or are concerned that a pupil is displaying behaviours that may show they are the target of bullying or perhaps perpetrating bullying, they should act on them immediately rather than wait to be told.

We ask that staff report their concerns to the Anti-Bullying Co-ordinator and then make a formal record of the bullying report on the school's recording system My Concern and other relevant members of staff will be alerted. The member of staff will immediately alert the school's Designated Safeguarding Lead if the report is deemed urgent or if a pupil is considered at risk.

Visitors

We ensure that all visitors to our school are aware of our Child Protection and Safeguarding procedures and which staff member they should report any concerns to.

We ask that if a visitor to our school has any concerns about bullying behaviour that they have witnessed, or have been told about, that they report their concerns at the earliest opportunity in person to the school's Designated Safeguarding Lead or a member of the Senior Leadership Team in the absence of the DSLs. We ask that visitors report their concerns in person by the end of the school day. For example, it would not be appropriate to wait until the following day or leave a written note with concerns. The member of staff receiving the report will take an initial note of the concerns, inform the Anti-Bullying Co-ordinator and then make a formal record of the concerns on the school's recording system My Concern and other relevant staff members will be alerted. The member of staff will directly alert the school's Designated Safeguarding Lead if the report is deemed urgent or if a pupil is considered at risk.

How our school will respond to reports of bullying

All reports of bullying or reported concerns of bullying behaviours will be taken seriously and investigated. Even if an incident is deemed 'not bullying' or a 'relational conflict', our school remains committed to supporting all pupils who have been involved and effected.

Our schools keep records of all reports of bullying, this information is stored on our school's recording system My Concern. These records are used to identify trends and inform our school's preventative work. Information from these records is discussed regularly at staff briefings or meetings to ensure that all staff are kept up-to-date and are alert to any ongoing concerns.

Our staff use a contextual approach to safeguarding and each incident will be dealt with on a case-by-case basis. Some of our school's responses may include, but may not be limited to:

- Talk to all pupils involved in the reported incident – this may include the target, the alleged perpetrator, and any bystanders/witnesses
- Talk to the parents (of the target and/or the alleged perpetrator)
- Implement appropriate sanctions in accordance with our school's behaviour policy. These sanctions will be graded according to the seriousness of the incident, but will send out a message that bullying is unacceptable
- Discuss the report/incident/case with other agencies and organisations when appropriate and make referrals to those organisations when appropriate
- Liaise with the wider community if the bullying is taking place off the school premises (e.g., the Police, District Council etc.)
- Keep in touch with the person who reported the incident/behaviour to inform them that action has been taken – this may include a pupil, a parent/carer/guardian, a member of staff or visitor, or another member of the school community. We will endeavour to ensure

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that all parties are kept informed of progress and any developments, but we will also need to show due regard to GDPR. This may mean, at times, that we are not able to provide or share information or updates.

- Implement a range of follow-up support/interventions appropriate to the situation (this may include informal or formal restorative work with the target and alleged perpetrator, solution-focused meetings, individual or group work with the target, individual or group work with the alleged perpetrator, individual or group work with any witnesses/bystanders, group work with the wider-school community etc.)
- Monitor the effectiveness of actions taken and reassess/take more actions if appropriate
- Liaise with the Designated Safeguarding Lead if there are safeguarding issues or concerns - a DSL may then refer to the Nottinghamshire MASH
- Refer to the Nottinghamshire County Council 'Pathways to Provision' document and complete an EHAF if appropriate

If a parent/carer is not satisfied with our school's actions, we ask that they follow our school's complaint policy and procedures. This is available online from our school website and on request from the school office.

Strategies for preventing bullying

At our schools, we are committed to the safety and welfare of our pupils, and therefore we have developed the following strategies to promote friendly and positive behaviours and discourage bullying behaviours. Throughout the academic year, the effectiveness of these strategies is reviewed, and the variety of strategies may be expanded to address specific concerns or meet the needs of all members of our community.

The strategies we use include, but are not limited to:

- A whole school reward system focused on the school's core Values, including respect and inclusion.
- A clear behaviour pathway that categorises bullying as severe and displays clear consequences.
- Half termly Values Days explicitly exploring how choices and actions can directly impact themselves and others.
- Involvement in Anti-Bullying Week, Show Racism the Red Card Day and Safer Internet Day annually.
- A thoroughly comprehensive and progressive RSHE curriculum that educates and challenges beliefs around a range of prejudices.
- Half Termly Student & Family Support Meetings (SAFS)
- Half Termly School Council meetings to establish a Pupil Voice
- Access to ELSA, Drawing & Talking and Mentoring programmes
- Bespoke initiatives for identified groups such as EAL, SEND and children who have been bullied or are displaying bullying behaviour
- 'Open Door' approach with parents and multiple channels of communication
- Signposting parents support groups and offering emotional and practical support
- Staff training and development for all staff, including those involved in lunchtime and before and after school activities
- Code of Conduct that encourages all staff to model expected behaviour
- Specific curriculum inputs for online safety and cyberbullying
- End of term / end of academic year celebration events
- Inclusive resources throughout the school raising awareness of and celebrating differences
- Specific initiatives for identified individuals or groups
- Parent information board and area on the school website

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Breaches / Complaints

Breaches to this policy will be dealt with in the same way that breaches of other school policies are dealt with, as determined by the Executive Head Teacher and Governing Body.

If a parent/carer is not satisfied with our school's actions, we ask that they follow our school's complaint policy and procedures. This is available online from our school website, and on request from the school office.

Links with other policies

You may find it helpful to read this Anti-Bullying Policy alongside the other following school policies:

Behaviour Policy	Includes details about the rewards and sanctions for pupils.
Safeguarding and Child Protection Policy	Includes information about child protection procedures, extra-familial harm and child-on child abuse.
Online Safety Overviews	Includes information about the online safety content delivered to children across school.
Equality Policy	Includes information about our school's approach to tackling prejudice and celebrating differences.
RSHE Policy	Includes information about our school's RSHE programme and how we teach about relationships, friendships, and bullying.
Complaints Policy	Includes information about how to make a complaint if anyone is not satisfied with the school's response.